

**Curriculum Intent & Implementation Policy** 

November 2021

#### **Our School's Mission Statement:**



Wharncliffe Side Primary School: Where children's love and curiosity for lifelong learning blossoms through inspirational teaching in a safe, supportive and nurturing environment.











Nurturing confidence, nurturing potential, nurturing success.

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#### 1. Core Values

Our **Core Values** are central to everything we do; they are interwoven through the curriculum; they are our school. These can be summarised as the '7 Rs' of Resilience, Resourcefulness, Reflectiveness, Relationships, Risk-taking, Respect and Responsibility. We encourage children to use these aspects through developing a **Growth Mindset**.

These child friendly examples are promoted throughout our school.

Resilience	Being determined	Manage emotions	Try our best	Cor	ncentrate	Being indepe	ndent	Not giving persevering	-	We make mistakes and learn from them
Resourcefulness	Seek solution	S		Know how we canhelp Thir		Think	nink creatively			
Reflectiveness	Knowing strengths	Thoughtful	Evaluat self ass		Listen to	Listen to advice		Manitor and manage emotions		Open to how to improve
Relationships	Friendly, carir to others	ng and supp	pportive Embrace difference		We are kind and polite		Co-operate and help others			
Risk-taking			Try new things							
Respect	Embrace diffe	caring a		ring and uniquene pportive to				/e are kind a olite	nd	Co-operate and help others
Responsibilty	Ready to lear	n Positive to learnii	attitudes Partic ng		cipate l	Be hone:	0	ook after ead ther and quipment/scl		Make good choices
	Growth	h Mind	dset	Y	OU C	an o	lo it	f]		

#### 2. The Drivers for Our Curriculum

We believe that our children deserve and need us to provide more than just the National Curriculum. These 'drivers' represent the philosophy that underpins everything we do at Wharncliffe Side.

- ▶ Inclusion: We provide an inclusive curriculum to ensure the best possible progress for all our pupils whatever their needs or abilities. We promote respect for the way that all children are unique. We embrace all people irrespective of race, gender, age or need. We aim to enable each person to be successful and we provide equal opportunities for all the children in our school. We value the spiritual and moral development of each person, as well as their intellectual and physical growth. We value independent learning as a life skill and our curriculum reflects and provides opportunities for this.
- ▶ **Pupil Voice:** We values pupil voice. Communication is key. It is a key aim of our curriculum, that our children develop the skills necessary to communicate their thoughts, ideas and feelings successfully in a wide range of different forms. Children need to know how to speak and listen, read and write in a variety of different situations. Our curriculum provides opportunity to develop these key skills, including children being able to extend their thinking and deepen their learning.
- ▶ **Community:** We work closely with parents, families and the local and wider community. We value the rights enjoyed by each person in our society. We encourage children to have high aspirations and make positive contributions throughout their lives. We enable our children to become responsible and caring citizens, prepared for life beyond our school.
- ▶ Environment: We value our environment and we aim, through our curriculum, to teach respect for our local environment and our world and how we should care for it for future generations, as well as our own.
- ▶ Engagement: Our stimulating curriculum encourages engagement in life long learning. We provide a wide range experiences for our children. We enrich the curriculum with visitors and visits whever possible.
- ▶ Healthy Bodies and Healthy Minds: It is important to us that all members of our school community are healthy both physically and mentally. We will exploit every opportunity through our curriculum to help the children to develop the physical and mental strength to be successful and happy.
- ▶ **Aspirations**: We ensure that our children have high aspirations for themselves; in achieving academic success, promoting life-long learning and widening horizons.

## **Pupil Voice**

## Inclusion

Equality Diversity

Communication
Deepening Understnading,
Explaining, Reasoning

# Community & Environment

Class Community School Community Local Community Wider Community

#### **CORE VALUES:**

Resilience, Resourcefulness, Reflectiveness, Relationships, Risk-taking, Respect, Responsibility

**Growth Mindset** 

## **Aspirations**

Academic Success Lifelong Learning Widening Horizons

## Engagement

Positive Attitude to Learning

# Healthy Bodies & Healthy Minds

Wellbeing Positive Relationships

#### 3. The curriculum at Wharncliffe Side Primary aims to...

Fulfil and exceed all the requirements of the National Curriculum and the Sheffield Syllabus for Religious Education

Engender a positive attitude towards learning and acquire the foundations for lifelong learning.

Enable children to be creative and to develop their own thinking.

Inspire all children to learn and develop their knowledge, skills and understanding.

Enable children to recognise and utilise their own personal learning attributes.

Teach children the essential skills of literacy, numeracy and science and transfer these to other subjects.

Enable children to develop their knowledge and understanding of the world, including how their environment and society have changed over time.

Enable the children to understand how to keep themselves safe and healthy.

Enable children to undersntad Britain's cultural heritage.

#### As a result,

Children make good progress in all subjects; meaning they know more, can do more and remember more.

Children are inclusive; have respect for themselves and others, and have high self-esteem, are able to live and work co-operatively with others.

Children are positive citizens in our school, community and wider society.

Children understand the importance of truth and fairness, so that they grow up committed to equal opportunities for all.

Nurturing confidence, nurturing potential, nurturing success.

#### 4. Organisation & Rationale

- ▶ We have designed a bespoke curriculum to meet the needs of our children.
- ▶ At the heart of our curriculum are the core subjects of English, Maths and Science; skills are developed then applied throughout all other subjects in our broad and balanced curriculum.
- ▶ We use a cross-curricular topic-based approach to learning. Each topic lasts for a term to allow the children to embed their learning in a meaningful context, make links and build on existing knowledge. Leading to them knowing more, doing more and remembering more.
- ▶ Each topic has a History or Geography focus and this is because we are committed to broadening children's horizons and aim to inspire real curiosity and a fascination for the world and its people, both past and present. We have designed our curriculum to include events with local and national significance (such as The Sheffield Flood and the history of the local area). Where appropriate, other subjects are linked to the main topic (e.g. African Art) but some subjects are taught discretely (e.g. MFL in Key Stage 2).
- ▶ The curriculum is designed in a sequential and coherent way so that children delve deeper into their learning; building on the skills, knowledge and understanding progressively each year towards defined outcomes in all subjects by the end of Y6. For more information about individual subjects, see the separate policies.
- As we have mixed-age classes, we have a 2 year cycle. This enables us to meet the requirements of the National Curriculum. Learning across the Key Stages is carefully planned to enable children to progress through the key concepts nad skills in each subject. There is a diagram on the next page to show all the different routes through school.
- ▶ Our IR (Integrated Resource) children are integrated into mainstream classes and access the curriculum at a level appropriate for their needs.
- ▶ Reception children are involved in the topics at an age-appropriate level but assessed against the Early Learning Goals (ELGs).

#### 4. Organisation & Rationale

Our classes are all named after trees that can be found on the school grounds: Ash, Willow, Rowan, Sycamore and Oak. The diagram below shows the different routes our children can take through the school (i.e. a child following 'Route A' will spend Reception & Y1 in Ash; then move to Willow in Y2).

Route	Cycle (start)	Reception	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
A		Ash	Ash	Willow	Rowan	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak
В		Ash	Ash	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Sycamore	Oak
С	1	Ash	Ash	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak	Oak
D	(2019-20)	Ash	Willow	Willow	Rowan	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak
Е		Ash	Willow	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Sycamore	Oak
F		Ash	Willow	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak	Oak
G		Ash	Ash	Willow	Rowan	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak
Н		Ash	Ash	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Sycamore	Oak
I	2	Ash	Ash	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak	Oak
J	(2020-21)	Ash	Willow	Willow	Rowan	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak
K		Ash	Willow	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Sycamore	Oak
L		Ash	Willow	Willow	Rowan	Sycamore	Oak	Oak

- All the children in a particular year group are together during their Reception year, Y2, Y3 and Y6. Our Y1, Y4 and Y5 children are split across two different classes.
- Our standard intake number is 20; so each class is designed to be made up of 20 from one year group and 10 from another (e.g. Ash would be 20 Reception children and 10 Y1s). The exact numbers depend on actual cohort sizes (e.g. the 2019-20 Y6 cohort has 26 children).
- Routes through school are not predetermined; we decide at the end of each academic year which children will be going where. We take a number of factors into consideration when making this decision: age, ability, learning style, friendship groups, boy / girl mix and parental wishes.
- Because of the 12 different routes a child can take through our school, our curriculum has been bespokely designed

#### 5. Overview

## Cycle 1 (2021-2022)

Class	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Ash & Willow	What is it like in Polar Regions	How can we Keep Healthy?	Where in the World? (UK focus)
Rowan	What did the Ancient Greeks do for us?	Who first lived in Britain?	What is it like in Wharncliffe Side? (Glen Howe - Local area)
Sycamore	What did the Romans do for us?	Would you like a Staycation?	Would you rather be a Roman or a Maya?
Oak	Why was the Battle of Britain so important?	Baghdad c900 or Anglo Saxons?	What is it like in South America?

#### 5. Overview

## Cycle 2 (2022-23)

Class	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Ash & Willow	Once Upon a Time	What is an Explorer?	Would you like to go on Safari?
Rowan	Who were the Ancient Egyptians?	How has entertainment changed in the last century?	How has Wharncliffe Side changed? (Local area)
Sycamore	What happenend in Britain when the Romans Left?	Why do so many people visit Europe for their holidays?	Why did Sheffield Flood? (Local History)
Oak	Who won the Anglo- Saxon & Viking struggle?	Why would you visit North America?	Was the Industrial Revolution a good thing for Sheffielders?

#### 6. Implementation

- ► Curriculum Implementation Grids for each (termly) topic shows the sequence of lessons (knowledge and understanding), vocabulary and key concepts covered.
- ▶ The '**Key Concepts'** are the themes that run through a particular subject, regardless of the 'topic' (e.g. 'Cause and Consequence' for History). Drawing children's attention to these enables them to cement their understanding by comparing and contrasting with previous topics studied, enabling a deeper understanding.
- ▶ **Progression Document**: For each subject, subject leaders have identified the progression through school. This This enables us to offer a slightly different learning experience to two different year groups within the same class (e.g. when Sycamore Class study 'The Maya', more will be expected of the Y5s compared to the Y4s).
- ▶ Within a topic, links are made across different subject areas when appropriate. 'Curriculum Overviews' show the key learning objectives to be covered across the curriculum. These are shared with parents at the beginning of a new topic.
- ▶ In order to make learning more memorable, we aim to make it fun! Displays, trips, visitors and experiences enhance and enrich our curriculum.
- ▶ Topic-based homework is presented to children via a 'Homework Menu' approach. This gives them the opportunity to take some responsibility for their own learning and produce work that is interesting and meaningful to them. For more information, see our homework policy.
- ▶ Learning is shared with parents in a variety of ways: via the weekly school newsletter; the half-termly class newsletter; our various social media channels (Facebook, Twitter and YouTube) and individual 'Class Pages' on the school website. We also invite parents into school regularly for workshops, family learning events, assemblies and exhibitions.

#### Curriculum Implementation Grid Geography (Amazing Africa)

#### KEY QUESTION: Would you like to go on safari?

Place in National Curriculum: Studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a

small area in a contrasting non-European country (Kenya).

Class: Willow Cycle: 2 Term: Summer How will learning be shared?

Powerpoint of work made and sent to parents

ΝĂ

Significant Individual/s

<u>Links to previous learning:</u>
Children have located polar regions, introduced to continents and oceans in the previous cycle. They know about the

Pacific Ocean in relation to the Moon Landing (same cycle) and the Atlantic Ocean in relation to Amelia Earheart's journey as an explorer (same cycle).

Children have used a map of the school grounds in Forest Schools.

Geographical Aims: Geographic Knowledge (G1), Interdependent Processes (G2), Geographical Enquiry (G3)

#### **Key Outcomes**

#### Children will:

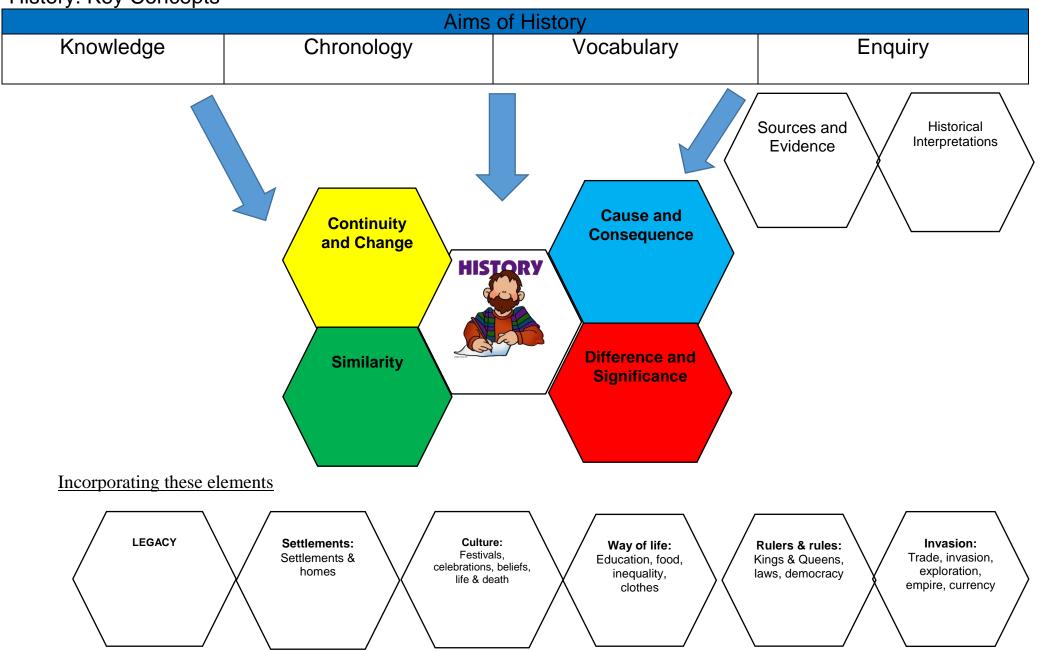
- Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans
- Be able to compare places (Wharncliffe Side to Naro Maru, UK to Kenya)
- Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.
- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and Kenya.
- Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map
- Be able to describe how to get to Kenya and what it might be like to live there and to visit

Kev	Concents

Place
Physical
Features
Human Features
Connections and
Comparison

Learning	
Learning Question  Revisit for memorising	Outcomes
1. Where is Africa?  LF1  Sing the song to recap the names of the continents. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K6DSMZ8b3LE&vl=en  What do the children already know/remember about any continents (Antarctica is a continent studied in the previous cycle). Look at the map of the world showing the continents. Look at Google Earth, showing where we are in Wharncliffe Side compared to the rest of the world/Africa. Explain that an atlas is a book of maps. How do the flat pictures/drawings on the page represent the world/globe? Link to the round shape of the globe/flat page.  Learning tasks: Use maps to label the continents using the world map/atlas. LF1.  Yr 1 support: Use partly written labels to assist. Recap on the song and keep doing this at other times in the day/week.	Children will know that Africa is a continent (and not a country).  Y1: Name continents Y2: Name and locate the world's seven continents

History: Key Concepts





## **Progression in History**



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	FS2	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Chronological Understanding H1	Past and Present ELG Children at the expected level of development will: - Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society; - Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; - Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling;	- Sequence events, objects or photographs/ pictures in chronological order  - to count back from the current year in individual years  -Know and locate year of birth on timeline	- Sequence artefacts closer together in time  - Sequence photographs etc. from different periods  - Describe key events in lives  - Locate own date of birth on timeline	- Place the time studied on a time line  - Use dates and terms related to the study unit and passing of time  - Sequence several events or artefacts  - Beginning to understand more complex terms e.g. BCE/CE and BC/AD	-place events from the period studied on a time line  -begin to use terms related to the period and begin to date events  -Understand more complex terms e.g. BCE/CE and BC /AD	- Know and sequence key events of time studied  - Use relevant terms and period labels.  -Begin to relate current studies to previous studies	- Place current study on time line in relation to other studies  - Sequence up to 10 events on a time line  - Make comparisons between different times in the past  -relate current studies to pervious studies
Organisation & Communication	Comprehension ELG Children at the expected level of development will: - Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; - Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories - Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play	-Write reports, labelling, simple recount	- Write reports with increasing detail, recounts, prepare information to share with an audience (eg parents)		nise historical information owledge and understanding	-select and organise info structured work, making terms -plan and carry out indiv	appropriate use of dates and

#### **Past and Present**

ELG Children at the expected level of development will: - Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society: - Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; -

Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling; -Recognise the difference between past

and present in their own and others'

- -Know and recount episodes from stories about the past
- -Begin to describe similarities and differences
- -Use a range of sources to find out characteristic features of the past
- -Study of a significant person/people

 Recognise why people did things, why events happened and what happened as a result

- Identify differences between ways of life at different times
- Confidently describe similarities and differences
- Develop empathy and understanding (hot seating, sp. & listening)
- Use a range of sources to find out about the past
- Start to consider which source of information is appropriate
- -study of a significant person/people

-Develop a broad understanding of ancient civilisations

- -find out about everyday lives <mark>of</mark> people in time studied
- -compare 1 aspect with our life today
- -identify reasons for and results of people's actions
- -understand why people had to do something
- -study of a significant person/people

- use evidence to reconstruct life in the time studied

- Identify key features and events
- -look for links and effects in time studied
- -offer a reasonable explanation for some events
- -study of a significant person/people

-compare an aspect of life with the same aspect in another time period

- -study different aspects of life of different people- e.g. the differences between men and women
- -examine causes and results of great events and the impact on people

-study of a significant person/ people

- find about beliefs, behaviour and characteristics of people, recognising that not everyone shares views and feelings
- compare beliefs and behaviour with another period studied
- create another explanation of a past event in terms of cause and effect using evidence to support and illustrate their explanation
- know key dates, characters and events of time studied

study of a significant person/people

	Today	Year	Ancient	Chronological order	Chronological order	Chronological order	Chronological order
	Yesterday	Decade	Chronological order	B.C.E (Before the	B.C.E (Before the	B.C.E (Before the	B.C.E (Before the
	Tomorrow	Modern	Investigate Common Era)		Common Era)	Common Era)	Common Era)
	The present	Long ago		C.E. (The common	C.E. (The common era)	C.E. (The common	C.E. (The common era)
	The past The future		Historians	era)	B.C. (Before Christ)	era)	B.C. (Before Christ)
		Significant	Research	B.C. (Before Christ)	A.D. (Anno Domini)	B.C. (Before Christ)	A.D. (Anno Domini)
	Day	Remember	Newspapers	A.D. (Anno Domini)	Millennium	A.D. (Anno Domini)	Millennium
	Week	Living memory	Opinion	Millennium	Thousands of years	Millennium	Thousands of years
	Month	Memories	Pioneer	Thousands of years	Empire	Thousands of years	Variety of sources
	When	Photograph	Explorer	Religion	Invasion	Nation	Different experiences
	Home	Home	Memorial	Empire	Civilisation	Ruler/ Monarchy	Infer
			websites	Archaeologist/	Settlers	Turning point	Suggest
			Era	archaeology	Migration	Trade	Impression
				Importance	Kingdoms	Invasion	Reliability
			Home	Impact	Settlements	Currency	Propaganda
			The same	Change	Trade	Legislation	One sided
			Different	Significance	Currency	Primary evidence	Biased
				Effects	Resistance	Secondary evidence	Motive
🚡				Continuity	Achievements	Reliable	Primary evidence
품				Oral history	Legacy	Impact	Secondary evidence
유				Civilisation	Impact	Effects	Reliable
Vocabulary				Sources	Effects	Consequences	Impact
				Legacy	Consequences	Legacy	Effects
-				Reason	Change	Exploration	Consequences
				Democracy	Continuity	Significance	Legacy
				Ruler	Cause	Impression	Trade
				Settlement	Infer	Change	Empire
				Culture	Suggest	Continuity	Currency
				The same	Similarity	Cause/ s	Invasion
				Different	Difference	Infer	Significance
					Historian	Suggest	Cause/s
					Archaeologist/	Culture	Change
					archaeology	Inequality	Continuity
					First hand evidence-	Similarity	Extent
					primary source	Difference	Culture
					Second hand evidence-	Historian	Inequality
					secondary source	Archaeologist	Similarity
					Ruler/ Monarch	archaeology	Difference
					Culture		Historian
							Archaeologist
					l	1	Archaeology

#### -look at evidence ELG -Begin to identify -identify and give -compare accounts of - Link sources and worl events from different photographs of people, reasons for different available out how conclusions were Listening, Attention and different ways to artefacts or events in the ways in which the sources- fact or fiction Understanding represent the past (e.g. past is represented -begin to evaluate the Listen attentively and respond photos, stories, adults usefulness of different -offer some reasons for to what they hear with talking about the past) - Consider ways of -distinguish between sources different versions of - Identify different ways events different sourcesand actions when being read to represent the past interpretations – fact or -Encourage children to compare different -use text books and to and during whole class fiction and opinion distinguish between versions of the same historical knowledge -begin to identify discussions and small group - Start to think about fact and fiction primary and secondary interactions; - Make reliability of photos/ - Be aware that different sources of information -confidently use research comments about what they accounts/stories evidence will lead to independently -begin to use research skills have heard and ask questions different conclusions skills to clarify their understanding: - Know the term 'source' -use evidence to build -Begin to be introduced - Hold conversation when and use a source – why, Historical Enquiry H3 to primary and secondary Confidently use a range -use a range if up a picture of a past engaged in back-and-forth what, who, how, where of primary and secondary sources to find out ources event exchanges with their teacher to ask questions and find sources independently. about a period and peers answers about the past use evidence to build up -select relevant Speaking ELG - Recognise primary and -observe small details a picture of a past event sections of information Participate in small group, sequence a collection of secondary sources – artefacts, pictures class and one-to-one artefacts/ photograph etc -use the library and -choose relevant material discussions, offering their own -select and record to present a picture of internet for research - Use a range of sources ideas, using recently - Use time lines, starting information relevant one aspect of life in time with increasing to find out about an introduced vocabulary; - Offer to think about decades to the study confidence aspect of time past explanations for why things and centuries might happen, making use of -begin to use the -ask a variety of -use evidence to build recently introduced - Start to discuss the library and internet questions up a picture of life in effectiveness of sources vocabulary from stories, nontime studied for research fiction, rhymes and poems -Use the library and when appropriate; - Express internet for research -ask and answer their ideas and feelings about questions their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

## 6e. Example of a Curriculum Overview: Class 3 Curriculum Overview: Topic – Ancient Greece Autumn 1 2019

ENGLISH (Writing Narrative)		ENGLISH (Grammar)		ENGLIS	SH (Reading)	COMPUTING
0 0 0 0	I can plan writing using similar texts as a model. I can write using a range of sentence structures. I can use the correct tense when writing. I can proof read my writing to identify spelling, punctuation and grammar errors and edit accordingly. I can assess the effectiveness of my writing and suggest changes to improve it. I can use prefixes to form different nouns.	<ul> <li>I can use a range of conjunctions.</li> <li>I can use expanded noun phrases to conformation concisely</li> <li>I can organise my writing into approper paragraphs</li> <li>I can use brackets, commas and dashing parenthesis.</li> <li>I can use adverbs and prepositions to variety and richness of my sentences.</li> </ul>	riate es to show increase the	recounts, poetry and persuasive texts.  O I can identify the themes within a text.  O I can infer character thoughts, feelings & motives from their actions and justify my inferences.  how  I can ask questions to help my understanding of the text.		<ul> <li>I can open, edit and save my work correctly</li> <li>I can work collaboratively with my learning partner</li> <li>I can use search engines to find information on the internet</li> <li>I can identify and correct errors.</li> </ul>
	THS			MODER	RN FOREIGN LANGUAGES	ART & DESIGN
0 0 0 0	I can identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations.  I can find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number  I can understand place value in 3 digit numbers.  I can read, write and compare numbers in numerals and words up to 1000  ENCE – Hot and cold – States of Matter	<ul> <li>I can add and subtract numbers ment including HTO and tens / hundreds.</li> <li>I can solve number problems and pra problems.</li> <li>I can count from 0 in different multip</li> <li>I can add and subtract numbers ment</li> </ul> PHYSICAL EDUCATION	ctical	I can greet people and ask them their nan French  I can respond to simple classroom instruction French  I can find Paris on a map  I can count to 10 in French		<ul> <li>I can use a sketch book to collect, record and evaluate my ideas</li> <li>I can explore and discuss different purposes of art.</li> <li>I can improve my technique when sketching and drawing</li> <li>I can work collaboratively to create a piece of artwork.</li> </ul>
	I can work scientifically, asking relevant	O I can run, jump, throw and catch with	increasing ac	uraev.	HISTORY/GEOGRAPHY  O I can locate Greece on a map	
0 0	questions and using scientific enquiries to answer them  I can set up practical enquiries, compare results and understand how to make a fair test.  I can compare and group materials	I can apply my skills to competitive gacricket.      I can apply my knowledge of running, catching to different athletic events.	ames of rounde	ers and	O I can explore and research Greek Gods a O I can investigate ancient Greek writing a	
0	I can observe materials changing state when	MUSIC	PSHE			
	heated or cooled.	I can listen with attention to detail and learn to play key notes on the violin (year 4)      I can listen with attention to detail and learn to play key notes on the recorder (year 3)	O I know O I unde	v I am valu erstand righ	eccept compliments  ed at school  hts and responsibilities in school  ow I feel and can usually tell others how I feel.  y feelings	

#### 7. Assessment

- ► Formative assessment (assessment *for* learning) takes place on a day-to-day basis in all subjects. This enables teachers to modify subsequent lessons to ensure they meet the needs of the children; reinforcing or extending learning as appropriate.
- ▶ Pupils are involved in the assessment of their own and others' learning via the use of 'Learning Frames'. For more information about these, see our 'Feedback & Marking Policy'.
- ➤ Summative assessment (assessment of learning) takes place at the end of a topic. We carry out simple assessments in order to ensure future learning is effective. We use the same scale for foundation subjects as the core subjects of English & Maths:
  - 1: Working beyond age-related expectations ('Greater Depth')
  - 2: Working at age-related expectations
  - 3: Working towards age-related expectations
  - 4: Working at an earlier stage of the curriculum
- ▶ Reception children are assessed against the Early Learning Goals.
- ▶ At the end of the academic year, this information is communicated to parents via our annual reports. It is also added to our whole-school tracking system (Tracker+) to enable class teachers to differentiate lessons accordingly. Subject leaders can use this data to gain an overview of standards across their subject.
- ▶ Every July, all staff members nominate children for trophies. These are awarded for academic success (such as 'progress in science') and learning behaviours (such as 'having a growth mindset'). A certificate is given to all children who are nominated and the winners are presented with a trophy in a special assembly. Parents are invited to this event and the winners are proudly displayed in our entrance hall.